RENK Trusted Partner

Investor & Analyst Presentation August 2024

Disclaimer

By accessing this presentation, you agree to be bound by the following limitations.

This presentation has been prepared for information and background purposes only. It does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer of, a solicitation of an offer to buy, or an invitation to subscribe for, underwrite or otherwise acquire, any securities of RENK Group AG (the "Company", and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), nor should it or any part of it form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract to purchase or subscribe for any securities of the Company or with any other contract, commitment or investment decision whatsoever.

Certain financial data included in this presentation consists of non-IFRS financial measures. These non-IFRS financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies, nor should they be construed as an alternative to other financial measures determined in accordance with IFRS. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any non-IFRS financial measures included herein. Past events or performances should not be taken as a guarantee or indication of future events or performance. Financial information presented in parentheses denotes the negative of such number presented. Any assumptions, views or opinions (including statements, projections, forecasts or other for-ward-looking statements) contained in this presentation represent the assumptions, views or opinions of the Company as of the date indicated and are subject to change without notice. All information not separately sourced is from Company data and estimates. To the extent available and unless denoted otherwise, the industry and market data contained in this presentation has been derived from Company estimates as well as official or third-party sources. Market and market share data has been derived from Company estimates as well as official or third-party sources. Market and market share data are based on company internal estimates derived from continuous analysis and aggregation of local management feedback on market share and ongoing market development. Third party industry publications, studies and surveys has been prepared by a reputable source, the Company has not independently verified the data contained in this presentation are derived from the Company is internal research and estimates are reasonable and reliable, but their underlying methodology and assumptions have not been verified by any independent source for accuracy or completeness and are subject to change without notice. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed on any of the industry or market data contained in this presentation are der

Certain Information included in this Presentation is taken or derived from third-party market studies or reports, including a market study commissioned by RENK from Roland Berger. Market studies are usually based on certain assumptions and expectations that may not be accurate or appropriate, and their methodology is by nature predictive and speculative and therefore subject to uncertainties. The data reflected in market studies is typically based on other industry publications as well as market research, which itself is based on sampling and subjective judgments by both the researchers and the respondents, including judgments about what types of products and transactions should be included in the relevant market. Accordingly, market studies generally state that the information contained therein is believed to be accurate but that no representation or warranty is given by the market study provider as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and that the opinions and analyses provided in the relevant market study are not representations of fact. The information contained in this presentation has not been independently verified, and no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made by the Company nor its affiliates, advisers, connected persons or any other person as to the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the information contained herein, and no reliance should be placed on it. Neither the Company nor its affiliates, advisers, connected persons, and/or any third-party provider of industry and market data referred to in this Presentation (including Roland Berger) or any other person accepts any liability for any loss howsoever arising (in negligence or other-wise), directly or indirectly. from this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection with this presentation. This shall not, however, restrict or exclude or limit any duty or liability to a person under any applicable law or regulation of any jurisdiction which may not lawfully be disclaimed (including in relation to fraudulent misrepresentation). This presentation includes "forward-looking statements". These statements contain the words "anticipate". "believe", "intend", "estimate", "expect" or words of similar meaning. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this presentation, including, without limitation, those regarding the Company's financial position, business strategy, plans and objectives of management for future operations (including cost savings and productivity improvement plans) are forward-looking statements. By their nature, such forwardlooking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Company's present and future business strategies and the market environment in which the Company will operate in the future. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. Each of the Company, the relevant subsidiaries and their respective agents, employees and advisers, expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to update any forward-looking statements contained herein. You are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements in this presentation and not to place undue reliance on such statements.

This presentation is confidential and its distribution in certain jurisdictions is restricted by law. Therefore, it must not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by its recipients to any other person for any purpose without the Company's consent.

The information contained in this presentation is provided as of the date of this presentation and is subject to change without notice.

RENK

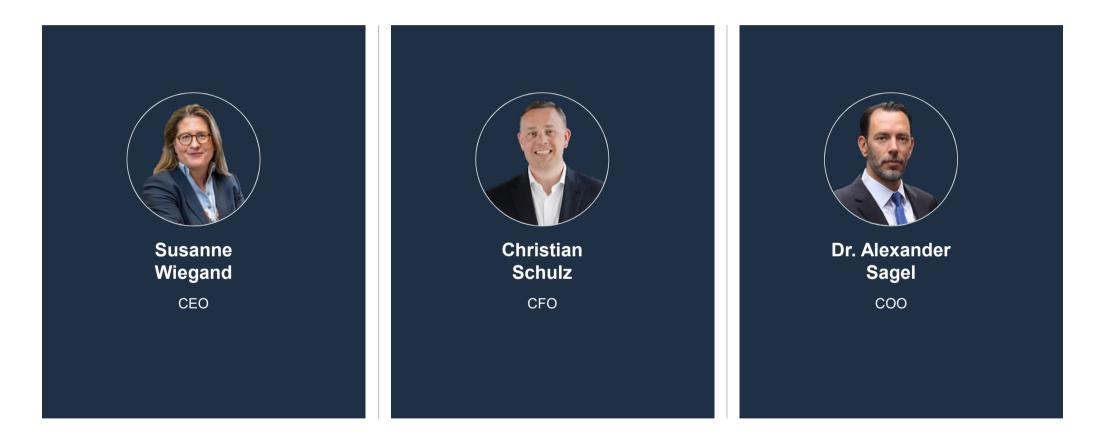
1. Introduction

2. Market dynamics

3. Business deep dive

4. Financial overview

Experienced management team with strong track record







RENK – Leading provider of drive technologies with high aftermarket share

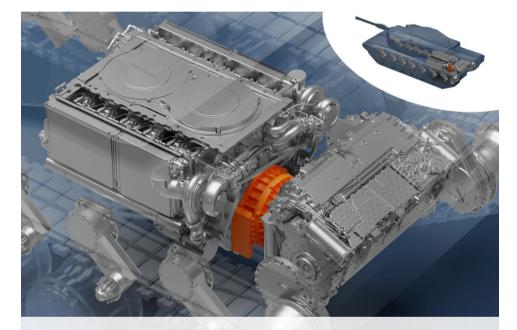


Sources: Company information, Renaissance Strategic Advisors, Roland Berger where indicated above

Cutting-edge, hard-to-replicate and complex technologies

High power in compact shape

Mobility system for tracked military vehicles



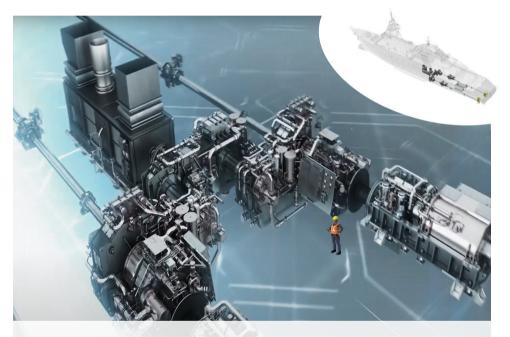
Driving Steering Braking **≤70 tons**⁽¹⁾

Hybrid mobility system with capability to drive, steer, and brake up to 70 tons vehicle class weight
 Permissible limit of variation in product manufacturing



Ultra low vibration and noise

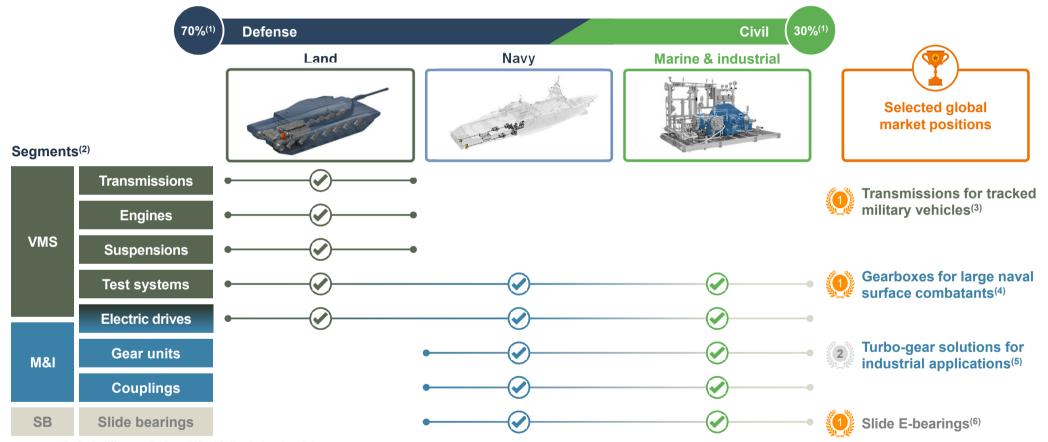
Naval propulsion system



<2-3µm precision⁽²⁾



Technology-leading portfolio of drive solutions



Based on 2022A revenue split, defense and civil are defined by end market product application

(1) (2) VMS = Vehicle Mobility Solutions (incl Test systems for military and civil applications); M&I = Marine & Industry: SB = Slide Bearings; The Company applies IFRS 8 Segment Reporting starting in fiscal year 2023 and presents the segment information for three segments (VMS, M&I and Slide Bearings). For comparison purposes, the Company presents segment information for fiscal year 2022 in the segment structure effective from 1. January 2023 in this Analyst Presentation Based on 2022A; overall positioning across all tracked categories including main battle tanks (MBT), tracked infantry fighting vehicles (IFV), tracked self-propelled howitzers (SPH), tracked military personnel carriers (APCs) and specialized support vehicles by number of installed base globally (2022A), excluding platforms of Russian and Chinese origin in-service outside of (3)

Russia and China and Embargoed Countries, as per Renaissance market study (4) Based on overall positioning for gearboxes with a global share of 32% across large naval surface combatants (frigates, destroy and China and Embargo Countries, as per Renaissance market study , corvetles and amphibious assault ships), based on 2022A, by number of installed base of gearbox products (excluding slip rings) of large surface combatants globally, excluding platforms of Russian and Chinese origin in-service outside of Russia

(5) Based on 2022A market share of RENK's total addressable market by value in turbo-gear solutions in industrial application globally, as per Roland Berger market study

(6) Based on 2022A market share of RENK's total addressable market by value in standardized slides bearings (E-bearings) globally, as per Roland Berger market study

Sources: Company information, Renaissance Strategic Advisors, Roland Berger where indicated above

Empowering security – partner to EU, NATO, NATO-equivalent and other countries



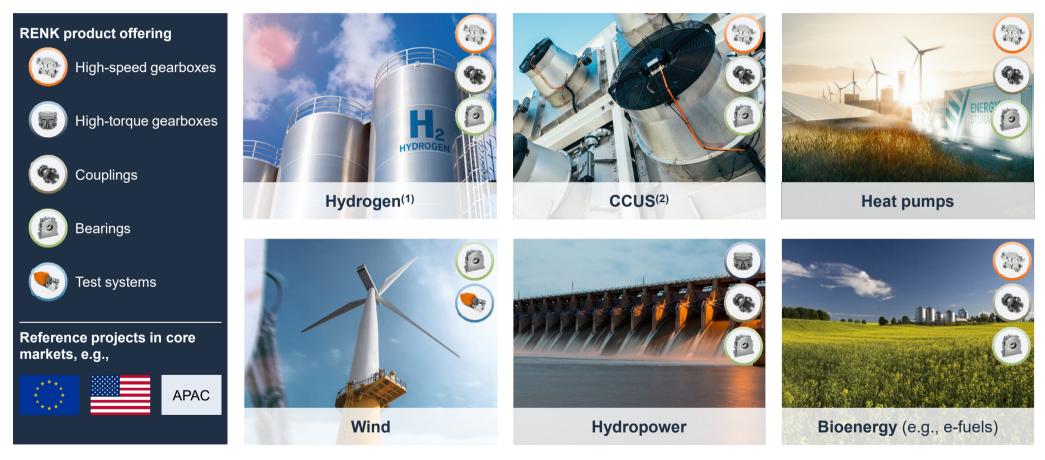
Note: Selection of platforms served; flag denotes end-customer

- (1) Inventory of vehicles serviced by RENK as per Military Balance, Shephard Media and Janes, as of 2022A
- NATO countries not supplied: Albania, Bulgaria, Iceland, Luxembourg, Montenegro, Republic of Macedonia; only includes current installed base in-service
- (3) Coast guard as part of defense related business (government security assignments). Includes navies and coast guards, which RENK currently supplies (in-service) and which RENK has supplied, but are no longer in-service (as per Renaissance market study)
- (4) M60 is not displayed
- (5) KF51 not yet in use, planned for export outside Germany
- (6) Independence Class LCS is not displayed
- (7) Globally defined as in use in two or more countries associated with EU, NATO, NATO-equivalent (including Japan, Switzerland, Australia, New Zealand) and / or in other countries (including India, Ukraine, Israel, Sweden, South Korea, Brazil, Philippines, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, among others), excl. Embargo Countries, non-supplied NATO countries

Sources: Company information, Renaissance Strategic Advisors

Enabling the energy transition – RENK services a wide range of different mission critical technologies / products for use in energy transition applications

SELECTED EXAMPLES



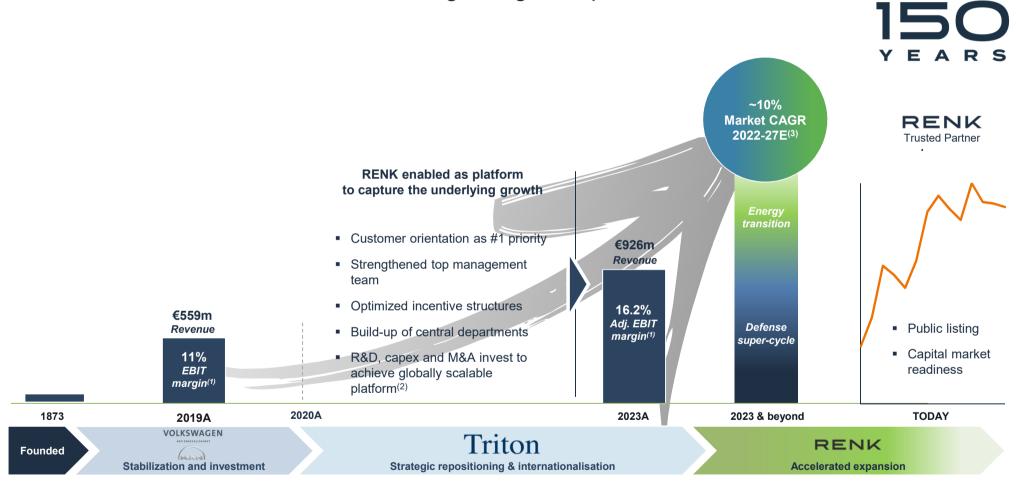
(1) Refers to gear units in hydrogen-related applications. Hydrogen is a versatile energy carrier, that can help decarbonize many industrial sectors, such as steel, refining, fertilizer production, and methanol

(2) CCUS = carbon capture, utilization and storage. commercial, scaled-up CCUS can reduce CO2 emissions from the processing or combustion of hydrocarbons

Source: Company information

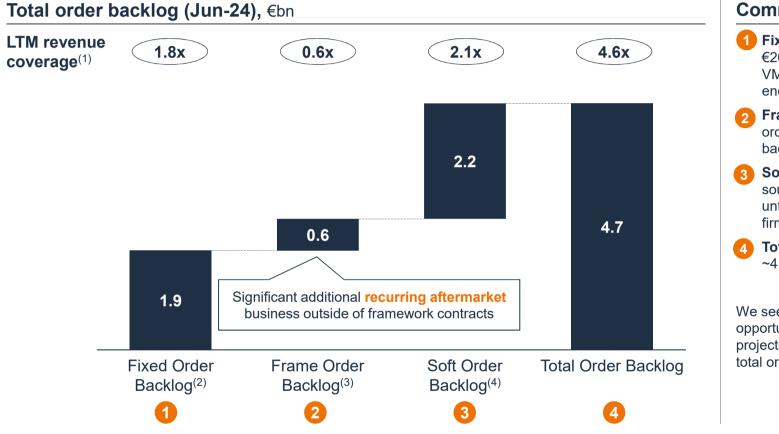
RENK introduction

Successful transformation of RENK into a global growth platform



Sources: Company information, Renaissance Strategic Advisors, Roland Berger where indicated above. Further footnotes summarized at the end of the presentation.

Total order backlog at >4x annual revenues – strong market demand beyond total order backlog



Commentary

- Fixed order backlog: Increased by €203m thanks to strong order intake in the VMS segment. Order pipeline remains encouraging
- 2 Frame order backlog: €0.1bn frame order backlog converted to fixed order backlog
- 3 Soft order backlog: Highly visible sole source projects and successor business until June 2028 – increase driven by firming up of future business
- 4 Total order backlog of ~€4.7bn and ~4.6x revenue coverage as of Jun-24

We see a large volume of profitable business opportunities for the coming years, beyond the projects that we have included in our soft and total order backlog

Benefiting from platform-agnostic sole-source incumbency positions

Years in service Expected future service⁽⁸⁾ **RENK** platform stats (2022A) Addressed platforms - land & naval 180k+ 220+ Expected out 2022A active in navv⁽²⁾ in land⁽¹⁾ Platform installed base⁽⁷⁾ **Entry service** of service date defense installed base defense installed base **Top-5 Land** ~7.300 M2 Bradlev 1981 2060 Strvker ~4.600 2002 2062 30+ years M88 ~3.120 1961 2064 avg. product lifecycle⁽³⁾ (land and naval defense) 82 ~3,000 2068 1978 Leopard II platform types > ~1.750 1999 2064 **K9** Thunder ~37% ~31% **Top-5 Navy MEKO Frigate Variant** 64 1983 2090 (Global) of revenues (in defense) in 2022A aftermarket sole-sourced⁽⁴⁾ revenue⁽⁵⁾ 2010 2038 23 Littoral Combat Ship (USA) 2083 Taepyungyang (South Korea) 14 1994 62 ~61% USCG National Security Cutter 9 2008 2045 platform European & North American types FREMM Frigate (Italy) 8 2008 2038 tracked vehicle platform (types) supplied by RENK⁽⁶⁾ Today

Note: Top 5 Land and Navy platforms defined by size of installed base of RENK

Based on RENK installed base in all tracked vehicle categories, i.e. main battle tanks (MBT), tracked infantry fighting vehicles (IFV), tracked armored personnel carriers (APC) and tracked self-propelled howitzers (SPH) and specialized support vehicles, as well as in wheeled vehicle categories (as per Renaissance market study)

Based on RENK installed base in all naval categories, i.e. large surface combatants, mine counter measures, small surface combatants, submarine, auxiliary & support vessels, patrol vessels, landing platform dock, landing helicopter dock and aircraft carriers (as per Renaissance market study) Average lifecycle of heavier tracked vehicle platforms, excluding lighter wheeled platforms, as well as average service life of naval surface combatants, from production to end of service including periods of major overhaul and refit (as per Renaissance market study)

(3)

Based on 2022A revenues, non-competitive share in defense-related product applications with RENK being the only available contractor for the customer

Aftermarket refers to depot MRO (maintenance, repair, overhau) and upgrades of products and platforms, incl. spare parts and other aftermarket services; replacement of installed RENK products in defense and civil applications will be considered as aftermarket Based on 2022A; includes all tracked platforms (APC, IFV, MBT, SPH, Specialized Protected Support and other support vehicles) by number of platform families in installed base, in North America and Europe (5)

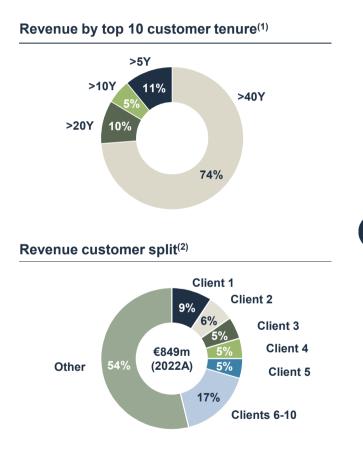
(6)

(7) Refers to number of vehicles and vessels, not equal to the number of installed RENK products Based on assumption of a 40-year service life, inclusive of upgrade and overhau

Sources: Renaissance Strategic Advisors, SIPRI, US DoD

RENK introduction

Entrenched with diversified global customer base



Long standing relationships with governments⁽³⁾...



(1) Average duration (in years) of customer relationship, measured for top 10 customers

(2) Sums up to 100%, difference due to rounding

(3) Represents a selection of governments from total with which the Group has relationships

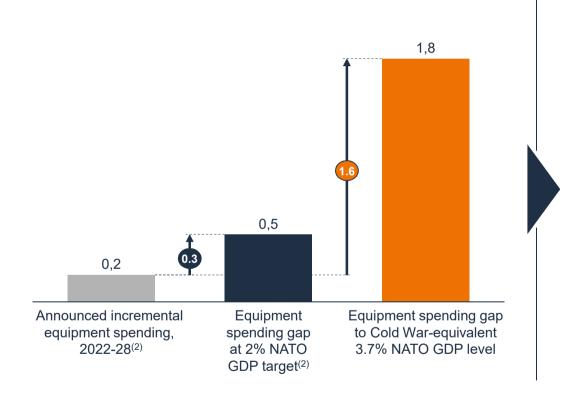
Industrial footprint strategically located close to customers



Note: MRO = Maintenance, repair and overhaul

Source: Company information

Defense equipment spending in NATO Europe still not sufficient to meet NATO spending targets Incremental equipment spending in NATO today compared to 2% GDP target levels & additional potential at Cold War spending levels (\$tn)



Compared to NATO target of 2% of GDP, there remains an **incremental equipment spending gap of \$0.3tn**

And returning to Cold-War equivalent levels of spending would add an **additional \$1.6tn in incremental equipment spending**

Note: Figures are not adjusted for inflation. Gap of every country (3.7% cold war era, 2% NATO target) is calculated separately and summed up, overachievement (e.g., of UK) does not reduce the gap. NATO Europe (i.e., NATO excl. US and Canada) plus Sweden, Austria, Switzerland; based on publicly available data; scenarios vary in assumptions on how fast multi-year budget increases are spent and whether currently uncertain budget increases are realized

(1) Calculated as gap between actual equipment spend and target equipment spend on individual country level

(2) Assumes 27% share of equipment (i.e., US 5-year average) rather than 20% NATO Equipment Spend Target

Sources: Company analysis based on NATO statistics, World Bank, government announcements

RENK

1. Introduction

2. Market dynamics

3. Business deep dive

4. Financial overview

Market dynamics - Defense

Key takeaways - Defense market



RENK is present in two main defense markets: land and naval drivetrain solutions



RENK is #1 player in mission critical drive technologies⁽¹⁾ with ca. 75% global market presence in tracked military vehicles⁽²⁾



RENK has a strong installed base in land vehicles and naval vessels with 180k+ vehicles and vessels addressed⁽³⁾



Defense super-cycle is expected to accelerate driven by global security threats



RENK land vehicles (14% CAGR 22-27) and naval vessels (8% CAGR 22-27) TAM is expected to outgrow the broader defense market

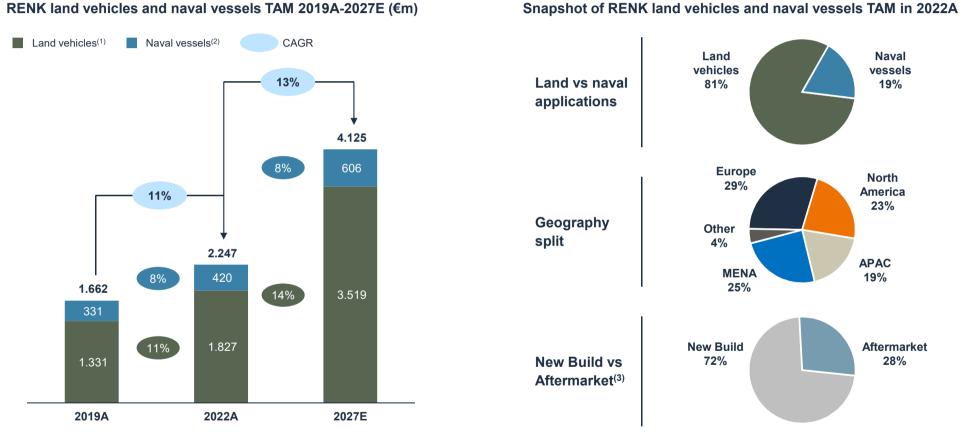
RENK land vehicles and naval vessels TAM is expected to grow at ca. 13% CAGR 22-27 and reach €4.1bn in 2027

⁽¹⁾ Refers to systems / subsystems, such as transmissions for tracked military vehicles, gear units for large naval surface combatants and slide e-bearings, that are critical for the mechanical operation of military vehicles & vessels. Based on being "positioned on 75% of NATO & Allied tracked vehicles" and "RENK provides mission critical mechanical systems and subsystems at various stages in the lifecycle" as per Renaissance Strategic Advisors

⁽²⁾ Includes any product with RENK's presence on tracked military vehicles by number of installed base globally (2022A), excluding platforms of Russian and Chinese origin in service outside of Russia and China and Embargo Countries

⁽³⁾ Based on RENK installed base in all tracked vehicle categories, i.e., main battle tanks (MBT), tracked infantry fighting vehicles (IFV), tracked armored personnel carriers (APC) and tracked self-propelled howitzers (SPH) and specialized support vehicles, as well as in wheeled vehicle categories and RENK installed base in all naval categories, i.e., large surface combatants, mine counter measures, small surface combatants, submarine, auxiliary & support vessels, patrol vessels, landing platform dock, landing helicopter dock and aircraft carriers

RENK serves fundamentally attractive and geographically diversified addressable markets



(1) RENK addressable land vehicles market includes transmissions, engines, suspensions, final & electric drives for combat and select tactical vehicles

(2) RENK addressable naval vessels market includes couplings, slide bearings, gear systems, electric drives and variable frequency drives for surface combatants and diesel electric submarines

(3) Naval applications are classified under new build given limited service and maintenance offerings due to limited ability to remove RENK products once installed on naval vessels

Source: Renaissance Strategic Advisors

Key takeaways – Civil market



Increasing demand drives ca. 5% CAGR 2022A-27E of the civil total addressable market, which is expected to reach €6.1bn in 2027E



RENK has market leading positions for mission-critical drive solutions across diverse civil end markets



RENK appears strongly positioned to serve the rapidly growing market for high-speed gears for New Energy applications



Commercial Marine market growth driven by post Covid recovery, and regulatory requirements for more energy efficient vessels

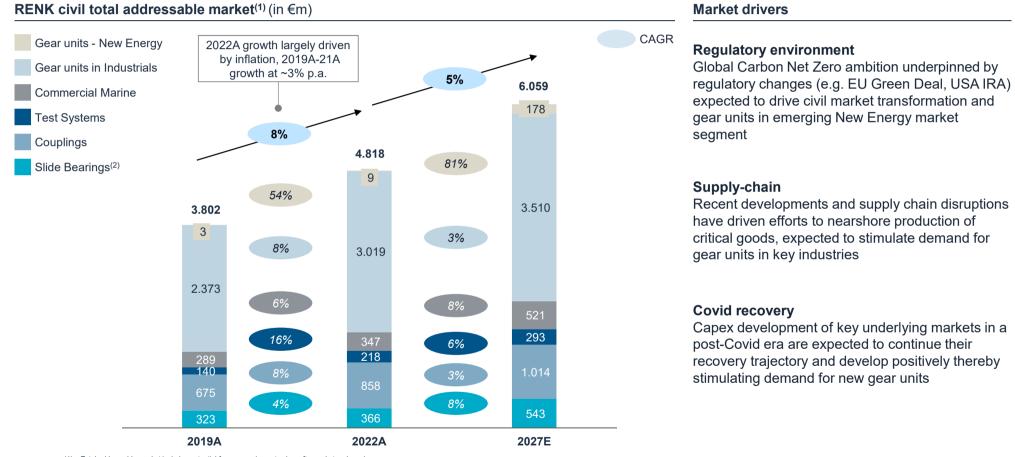


Increased regulatory environment expected to drive increased adoption of decarbonization technologies, support significant demand for RENK gear units



Market dynamics - Civil

RENK total civil TAM of ~€5bn growing to €6bn by 2027 driven by a changing regulatory environment, supply-chain constraints, and a post-Covid recovery



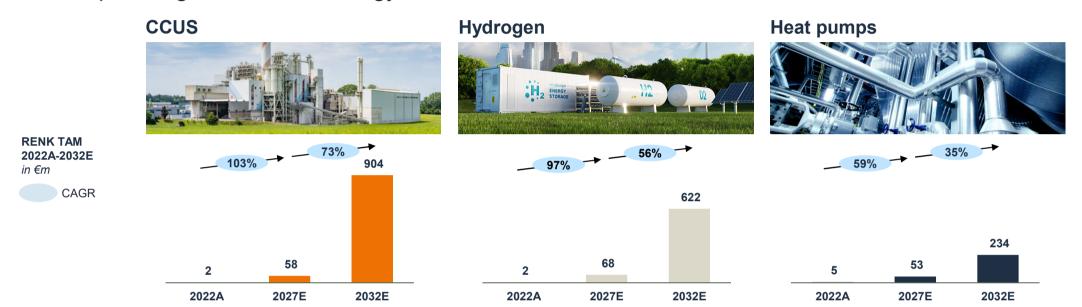
(1) Total addressable market includes potential for new equipment sales, aftermarket and service

(2) Relates to slide bearings (e-bearings) market only

Source: Roland Berger

Market dynamics - Civil

RENK with its expertise, market position & product offering, appears strongly positioned to benefit from expected growth in new energy markets



Success factors	Description	RENK Strength		
High-speed experience	High-speed capabilities are the key prerequisite to succeed	 Strong experience in oil & gas and power generation Strong expertise in configure-to-order development 		
Relationships with OEMs	 Compressor OEMs driving new, innovative solutions Co-development of tailored gear unit equipment alongside compressor OEM required 	 Strong relationships with compressor OEMs MAN ES and Siemens, who are among those at the forefront of the development of technological solutions for the gear units in the new energy industry 		
Reference projects	Successful reference projects can serve as lighthouse projects	 RENK is already involved in key large scale projects (e.g. industrial heat pump projects in Finland, hydrogen projects in the US & Germany (SALCOS)) 		

Sources: IEA, Marina, Roland Berger, and company information

RENK

1. Introduction

2. Market dynamics

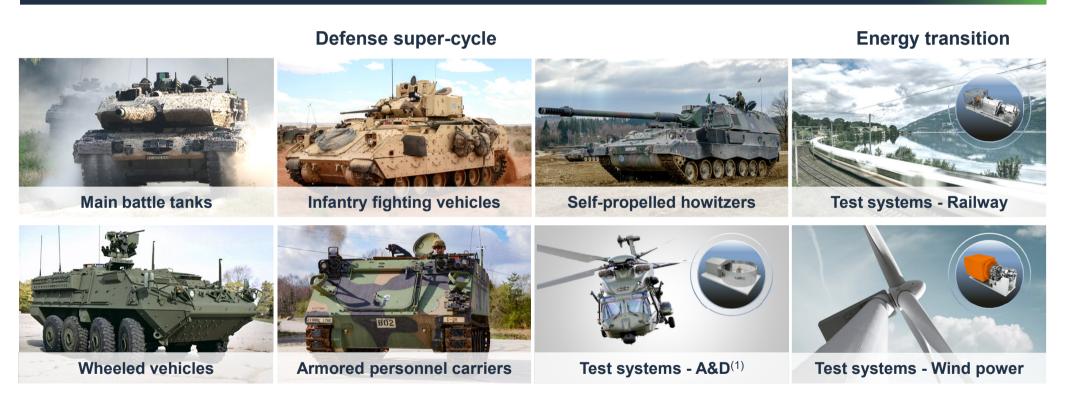
3. Business deep dive

4. Financial overview

High visibility growth in sweet spot of defense super-cycle

Defense

Civil



57% RENK Revenue FY22A

Vehicle Mobility Solutions key highlights

Key highlights

Strategy for growth



Transmissions for tracked military vehicles⁽¹⁾



Technology leadership with extensive portfolio of missioncritical drive technologies for military vehicles





Capitalize on international footprint: with global installed base of 180k+ tracked and wheeled military vehicles

20% Adj. EBIT⁽²⁾ margin 2023A



Capture high-margin, recurring revenues throughout multidecade product lifecycle

(1) Based on 2022A; overall positioning across all tracked categories including main battle tanks (MBT), tracked infantry fighting vehicles (IFV), tracked self-propelled howitzers (SPH), tracked armored personnel carriers (APCs) and specialized support vehicles by number of installed base globally (2022A), excluding platforms of Russian and Chinese origin in-service outside of Russia and China and embargoed countries as per Renaissance market study

(2) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. EBIT margin and adj. EBIT margin are defined as EBIT or adj. EBIT, as applicable, divided by revenue.



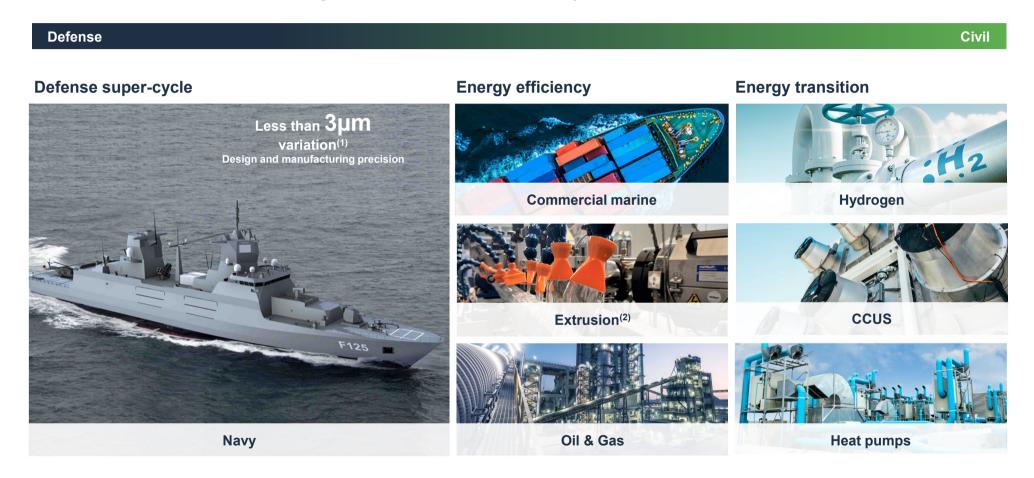
Sources: Company information, Renaissance Strategic Advisors

Extensive portfolio of complex and critical sub-systems & components for tracked and wheeled military vehicles

High wear & tear exposure with	Transmissions	 Wide range of power → 300 – 1,800hp Wide range of weight → 15 – 70t Invented hydrostatic-hydrodynamic transmission 	
significant service requirement	Engines	 High power-weight ratio → 750 – 1,500hp⁽¹⁾, ~2.5t⁽²⁾ Powerful even underwater: ≤1.5 – 2.5m depth Engine start from -25C° to 50+C° 	
	Suspensions	 Product portfolio for tracked and wheeled vehicles Capable up to 70t weight Ride height control available 	
	Electric drives	 Electric drives capable to power a 70t tank Capable of silent move or boost mode Reduced diesel consumption 	
~15%	- Final drives	 Transmits drive, brake and steering between transmissions and track Highly adaptable to the vehicle requirements 	
Note: HP = horse power; t = metric tones (1) Engine is in the process of an upgrade to 1,500HP (2) Refers to metric tons	Vehicle simulation	Multi-body simulation of tracked vehicles with RENK components	

(3) RENK total addressable component value relative to the military vehicle value; calculation refers mainly to tracked vehicles and can differ from vehicle to vehicle

Mission-critical drive technologies for Marine & Industry



Note: CCUS = carbon capture, utilization and storage

- Permissible limit of variation in product manufacturing
 Extrusion is a process used to create objects of a fixed cross-sectional profile by pushing material through a die of the desired cross-section

Source: Company information

33% RENK Revenue FY22A

Marine & Industry key highlights

Key highlights



Globally in gearboxes for navy⁽¹⁾

2

Globally in high-speed gear solutions for industrial applications⁽²⁾

Strategy for growth



Increase our **technology leadership** for navy and energy transition applications





Capitalize on international footprint: sales & service network and diversified blue chip customer base

10% Adj. EBIT⁽³⁾ margin 2023A



Capture high-margin and **recurring life-cycle revenues** with increased aftermarket penetration and digital solutions

(1) Based on overall positioning for gearboxes with a global share of 32% across large naval surface combatants (frigates, destroyers, corvettes and amphibious assault ships), as of 2022A, by number of installed base of gearbox products (excluding slip rings) of large surface combatants globally, excluding platforms of Russian and Chinese origin in-service outside of Russia and China and Embargo Countries, as per Renaissance market study

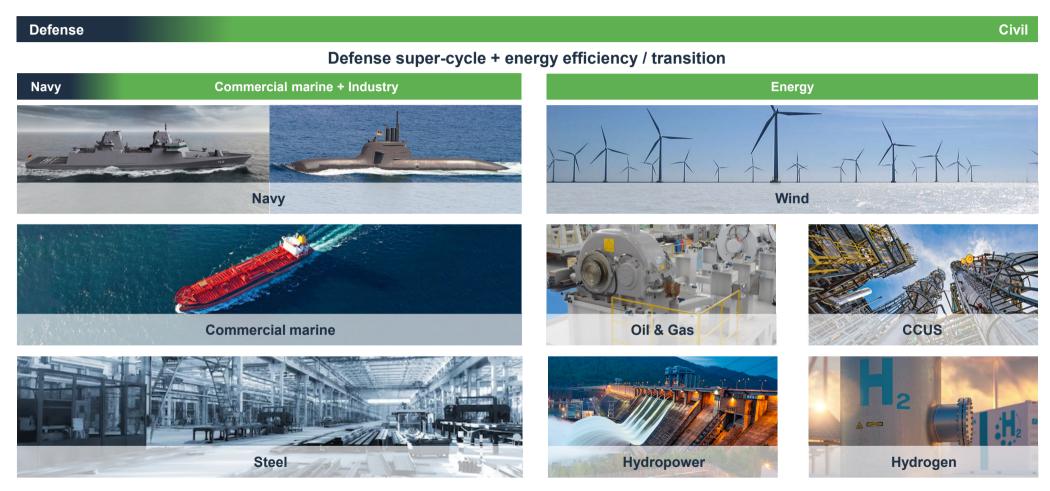
2) Based on 2022A market share of RENK's total addressable market by value in high-speed gear solutions in industrial application globally, as per Roland Berger market study

(3) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. EBIT margin and adj. EBIT margin are defined as EBIT or adj. EBIT, as applicable, divided by revenue



Sources: Company information, Roland Berger, Renaissance Strategic Advisors

Mission-critical solutions for energy efficient and energy transition applications



Note: CCUS = Carbon capture, utilization and storage

Source: Company information

11% RENK Revenue FY22A

Slide Bearing solutions key highlights

Key highlights	Strategy for growth			
Slide E-bearings ⁽¹⁾	A Sustain market leadership for E-bearings and further execute on strong technology leadership position and broad product offering			
€111m Revenue 2023A	B Sustain attractive niche in naval applications such as thrust bearings and propulsion motor bearings			
16% Adj. EBIT ⁽²⁾ margin 2023A	C Capitalize on switching from industrial roller-bearings to slide bearings in Offshore Wind application			

Note: CCUS = Carbon capture, utilization and storage

Source: Company information

(1) Refers to 2022A market share of RENK's total addressable market by value in E-bearings globally, as per Roland Berger market study

(2) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. EBIT margin and adj. EBIT margin are defined as EBIT or adj. EBIT, as applicable, divided by revenue

RENK

Trusted Partner

RENK

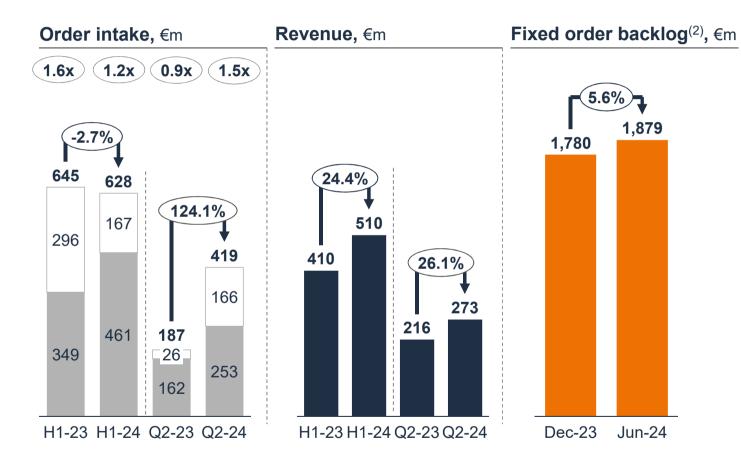
1. Introduction

2. Market dynamics

3. Business deep dive

4. Financial overview

Strong revenue growth in defense and aftermarket-related areas



YoY growth	Book-to-bill ratio ⁽¹⁾
Large order(s)

- Substantially higher order intake in Q2 due to a large order win in VMS
- Book-to-bill recovered to 1.5x in Q2
- Order pipeline promising
- Navy order intake strong, indicating further margin-accretive Navy growth going forward
- Significant revenue growth of 26.1% YoY across all segments, driven by strong growth in defense related areas
- Moderate increase of fixed order backlog vs. Q4 2023 due to order wins and conversion of frame orders

Strong adj. EBIT performance – FY guidance narrowed

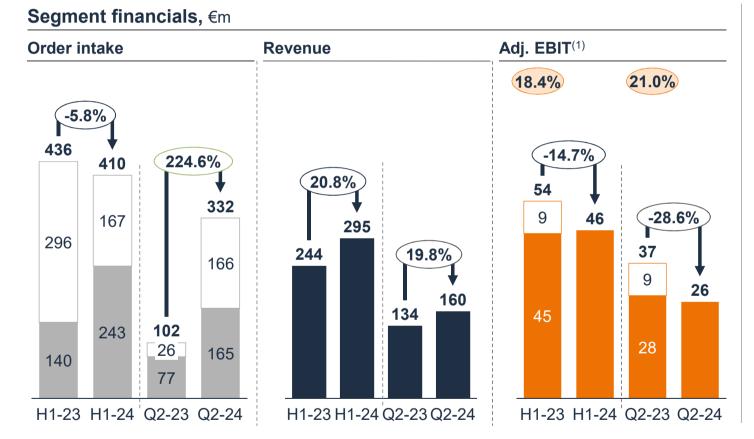
Adj. gross profit⁽¹⁾, €m **Adj. EBIT**⁽²⁾, €m Net debt⁽³⁾, €m 2.4x 2.4x 28.7% 27.0% 32.2% 28.2% (15.4%) (13.5%) (20.3%) (15.1%) 0.3% 13.2% 16.2% 442 441 17.2% 138 118 10.4% 9.4% -6.3% 69 77 63 70 9 44 41 9 54 35 H1-23 H1-24 Q2-23 Q2-24 H1-23 H1-24 Q2-23 Q2-24 Dec-23 Jun-24

YoY growth
 Adj. gross profit margin
 Adj. EBIT margin
 Net debt / LTM Adj. EBITDA⁽⁴⁾
 Adj. EBIT margin without one-time warranty provision

- Translation of strong revenue growth into considerable increase in adj. gross profit:
 - Solid volume growth, higher operating leverage and successful efficiency improvements especially in Augsburg
 - Mix (Navy, aftermarket) improvement
- Adj. gross profit higher despite warranty provision release in Q2 2023
- Significantly higher adj. EBIT in Q2 (+24.3% YoY) excluding effects from R&D increase (€2.5m YoY increase in Q2, €5.9m YoY increase in H1) and warranty provision release of €9m in Q2 2023
- Net debt stable compared to Q4 2023 despite refinancing-related cash outflows

VMS: Significant revenue growth & 2.1x b-t-b driven by Defense super cycle

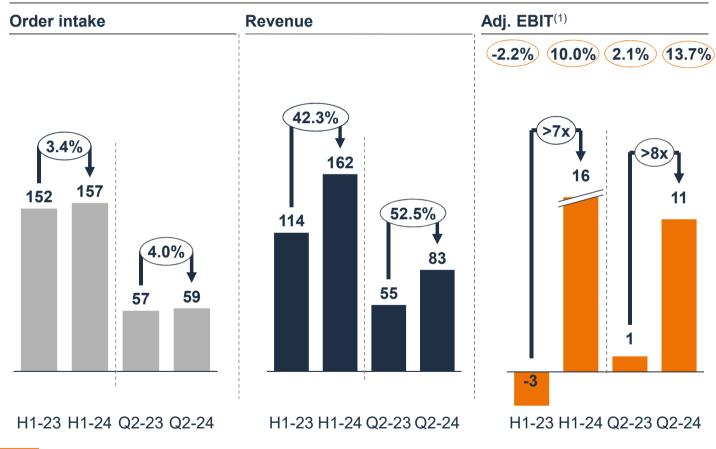
 YoY growth
 Adj. EBIT margin without one-time warranty provision
 Large order(s)



- Q2 Order Intake in VMS YoY substantially higher including a large US order win (volume: €166m)
- Book-to-bill 2.1x in Q2 2024
- Significant Q2 revenue growth of 18,9% YoY due to operational improvement and higher output, especially in Augsburg, as well as solid aftermarket activity
- Measures to take the operating model of RENK America to the next level underway and progressing
- Adj. EBIT comparison in Q2 impacted by higher R&D expenses (€2.4m YoY increase in Q2 2024) and €9m warranty provision release in Q2 2023

M&I: Revenue growth accelerated, margin at double-digit level

Segment financials, €m

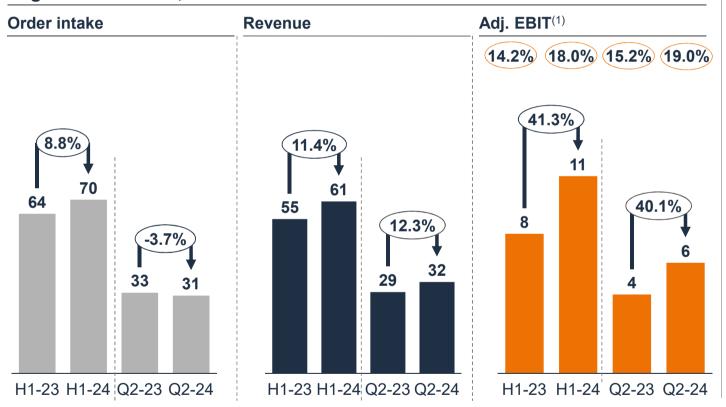


── YoY growth ── Adj. EBIT margin

- Book-to-bill below 1.0x in Q2 2024 following strong order intake in Q1 2024 (H1 2024 book-to-bill at ~1.0x)
- Significant Q2 revenue growth of 52.5% YoY due to increases in Navy, Industry and aftermarket following strong Navy order intake in 2022 and 2023
- Revenue growth and positive mix effects (Navy and aftermarket) → strong increase of adj. EBIT YoY (adj. EBIT margin up 11.6 pp. in Q2 2024)

Slide Bearings: Growth in e-Bearings and further EBIT margin expansion O YoY growth O Adj. EBIT margin

Segment financials, €m



- Slight decrease in order intake in Q2 of 3.7% YoY; order intake from the power generation sector and aftermarket remains strong
- In Q2 considerable revenue growth in SB segment of 12.3% YoY: higher demand of bearings for electric motors and generators and marine applications and aftersales
- Margin expansion especially driven by significantly higher share of aftermarket business

Adjustments mainly related to PPA, refinancing costs and RAMup

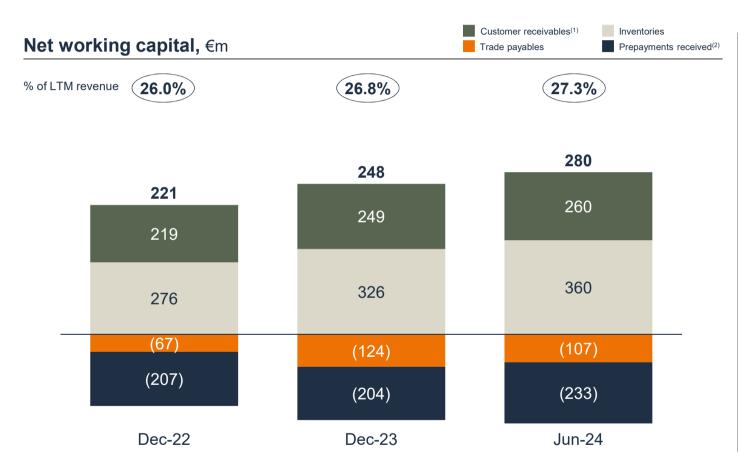
For the period, €m

	H1-23	H1-24	Q2-23	Q2-24
Operating profit	31.9	35.6	25.2	23.7
PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / 1 losses from PPA asset disposals	23.4	22.1	12.2	11.2
Operating profit before PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals	55.3	57.7	37.4	34.9
Capital Markets Readiness Costs	0.3	2 1.6	0.3	-0.6
M&A activity related costs	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.5
Inflation compensation premium	1.5		1.5	
Severance Provision	1.3		1.3	
Other adjustments	3.5	9.1	3.0	6.3 3
Adj. EBIT	63.0	69.0	43.9	41.1
Depreciation, amortization and impairment losses (excluding PPA depreciation and amortization)	15.2	15.7	7.7	8.0
Adj. EBITDA	78.2	84.6	51.6	49.1

Commentary

- Adjustments are mainly attributable to effects of purchase price allocations, which mainly relate to depreciation and amortization of revalued non-current assets
- Cost incurred in the context of achieving capital market readiness as listing on Frankfurt Stock Exchange was completed during Q1 2024
- Other adjustments mainly incude RAMup, a program to enhance the operating model of RENK America, consultancy and advisory expenses as well as costs related to refinancing

NWC ratio expected to decline in the mid-term



Commentary

- NWC as a percentage of sales increased by 0.4 pp.
 - Customer receivables increased moderately, despite higher output levels
 - The increase in inventories due to the temporary project-specific inventory build-up in the first six months of the 2024 financial year was mitigated by incoming payments from advance payments for projects (prepayments increased by €30m)
 - Reduction of NWC ratio targeted in the mid-term

Slightly negative cash flow in Q2 due to inventory build-up for upcoming sales

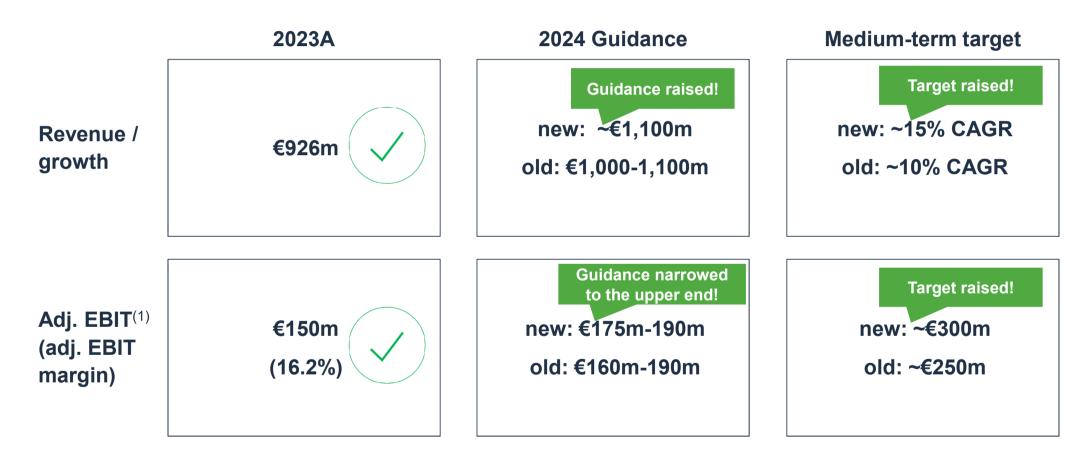
Key cash flow items, €m

	H1-23	H1-24	Q2-23	Q2-24
Adj. EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	78.2	84.6	51.5	49.1
Adjustments ⁽²⁾	(7.7)	(11.2)	(6.5)	(6.2)
Income taxes paid	(16.1) 1	(9.8)	(9.9)	(4.9)
Change in net working capital ⁽³⁾	23.8	(31.1)	5.2	(34.8) 2
Capex ⁽⁴⁾	(9.8)	(12.9)	(5.8)	(5.0) 3
Other ⁽⁵⁾	(18.2)	6.5	(14.3)	(3.0)
Unlevered free cash flow	50.2	26.1	20.2	(1.2)
Interest received	0.0	1.0	(0.5)	(0.5)
Interest payments	(13.4)	(34.6) 5	1.5	(9.3) 4
Free cash flow	36.7	(7.5)	21.1	(7.6)
Acquisitions less cash ⁽⁶⁾	(34.3)	-	0.6	-
Change in cash & cash equivalents (post M&A)	2.4	(7.5)	21.7	(7.6)

Commentary

- Q1 2023 tax payments include an aperiodic real estate tax payment (€2.8m)
- 2 Cash outflow for net working capital reflecting higher revenue level
- 3 Capex in Q2 2024 amounted to 1.8% of sales
- Oue to different payment dates between the previously existing bond and the new SSFA significant interest payments in Q2 2024
- Including €7.5m prepayment penalties due to the refinancing of the long-term debt (corporate bond)

Guidance: Turning more positive on prospects for 2024 and mid-term after strong H1 growth





TRUSTED PARTNER

Your contact

Investor Relations

Ingo Schachel, Head of IR Phone: +49 821 5700 1439 E-Mail: <u>investors@renk.com</u> www.ir.renk.com



RENK Group AG

Goegginger Straße 73 D-86159 Augsburg Germany www.renk.com

Management Board: Susanne Wiegand (Chairperson), Dr. Alexander Sagel, Christian Schulz Supervisory Board: Claus von Hermann (Chairperson) Registration Court: District court of Augsburg, HRB 39189 VAT ID number: DE 363351811

Endnotes (1/3)

p.5

(1) Market CAGR of ~10% calculated as a blended rate by weighting 2022-27 CAGRs of total addressable market for defense (12.9% as per Renaissance market study) and civil (4.7% as per Roland Berger market study) with the defense / civil revenue split of around 70% / 30% in 2022A. Global defense addressable market defined as total military vehicle and naval addressable markets, incl. new build, upgrade and overhaul, as of 2022A, based on RENK product portfolio used in defense applications, excluding platforms of Chinese origin in-service outside of China and embargoed countries, i.e. Afghanistan, Belarus, Benin, China, Central African Republic, Cuba, DPRK, DRC, Eritrea, Iran, Iraq (not embargoed, but excluded), Libya, Myanmar, Russia, Somalia, South Sudan, Syria, Venezuela, Yemen, Zimbabwe (the "Embargo(ed) Countries"), as per Renaissance market study; global civil addressable market defined as total annual spend in commercial marine & industrial applications (incl. gearboxes, couplings, slide bearings and test systems) including new build and aftermarket comprising service, spare parts and software updates, based on 2022A (as per Roland Berger market study)

(2) Total order backlog comprised of fixed order backlog, frame order backlog and soft order backlog; Fixed order backlog represents with respect to binding customer contracts and purchase orders concluded and/or received the portion of the associated transaction price for which the amount of revenue has not yet been recognized in accordance with IFRS; Frame order backlog includes signed frame contracts or prolongation character of linked frame contracts with fixed annual volumes or volume estimates based on customer information or historical call offs over the entire contract duration, booked for the period of the frame contract term; Soft order backlog includes estimated volumes of sole source projects and successor business until 2027 based on public information and customer information, booked for the period Jan 24 to Dec 27

(3) Based on 2023A revenue split, defense and civil are defined by end market product application

(4) Refers to systems / subsystems, such as transmissions for tracked military vehicles, gearboxes for large naval surface combatants and slide e-bearings, that are critical for the mechanical operation of military vehicles & vessels. Based on being "positioned on 75% of NATO & Allied tracked vehicles" and "RENK provides mission-critical mechanical systems and subsystems at various stages in the lifecycle" (as per Renaissance market study based on 2022)

(5) Includes any product with RENK's presence on tracked military vehicles by number of installed base globally (2022A), excluding platforms of Russian and Chinese origin in-service outside of Russia and China and Embargo Countries (as per Renaissance market study)

(6) Based on 2023A revenues, reconciliation to reported figures: EMEA includes Germany, other EU Countries, other European Countries and Africa; Americas includes Americas; APAC includes Asia and Australia and Oceania

(7) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. EBIT margin and adj. EBIT margin are defined as EBIT or adj. EBIT, as applicable, divided by revenue

(8) 2023A revenue split; New build refers to new product sales; aftermarket refers to depot MRO (maintenance, repair, overhaul) and upgrades of products and platforms, incl. spare parts and other aftermarket services; replacement of installed RENK products in defense applications is considered as aftermarket and

in civil applications as new build

p.10

(1) 2019A EBIT displays EBIT unadjusted based on the as-if consolidated income statement information for the former RENK AG for the twelve-month period ended 31 December 2019; Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. EBIT margin and adj. EBIT margin are defined as EBIT or adj. EBIT, as applicable, divided by revenue. For a detailed breakdown of EBIT adjustments, please refer to the page "Adjustments to operating profit"

(2) Refers to 2020-2023 cumulative capex and R&D investments as well as acquisition costs related to General Kinetics (signed and closed in 2023) and L3 Magnet-Motor GmbH and the Combat Propulsion Systems from L3Harris. R&D investments refer to business-sponsored ("self-funded") research and development (R&D) costs expensed as incurred; does not include customer-sponsored R&D costs incurred pursuant to contractual arrangements; capex defined as payments to acquire property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

(3) Market CAGR of ~10% calculated as a blended rate by weighting 2022-27 CAGRs of total addressable market for defense (12.9% as per Renaissance market study) and civil (4.7% as per Roland Berger market study) with the defense / civil revenue split of around 70% / 30% in 2023A. Global defense addressable market defined as total armored vehicle and naval addressable markets, incl. new build, upgrade and overhaul, as of 2022A, based on RENK product portfolio used in defense applications, excluding platforms of Chinese origin in-service outside of China and Embargo Countries (as per Renaissance market study); global addressable civil market defined as total annual spend in commercial marine & industrial applications (incl. gearboxes, couplings, slide bearings and test systems) including new build and aftermarket comprising service, spare parts and software updates, based on 2022A (as per Roland Berger market study)

Endnotes (2/3)

p.31

(1) Book-to-bill ratio defined as order intake / revenue

(2) Fixed order backlog represents with respect to binding customer contracts and purchase orders concluded and/or received the portion of the associated transaction price for which the amount of revenue has not yet been recognized in accordance with IFRS

p.32

(1) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. Adj. EBIT margin are defined as adj. EBIT divided by revenue.

(2) Net debt includes senior secured notes, and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents based on the carrying amounts in the IFRS financial statements

(3) LTM Adj. EBITDA is defined as operating profit before depreciation, amortization and impairment losses on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. For a detailed breakdown of EBIT adjustments, please refer to the page "Adjustments to operating profit"

p.33

(1) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. Adj. EBIT margin is defined as adj. EBIT divided by revenue. For a detailed breakdown of EBIT adjustments, please refer to the page "Adjustments to operating profit"

p.34

(1) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. Adj. EBIT margin is defined as adj. EBIT divided by revenue. For a detailed breakdown of EBIT adjustments, please refer to the page "Adjustments to operating profit"

p.35

(1) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. Adj. EBIT margin is defined as adj. EBIT divided by revenue. For a detailed breakdown of EBIT adjustments, please refer to the page "Adjustments to operating profit"

p.36

(1) Adj. gross profit defined as revenue minus cost of sales before the depreciation and amortization effect of purchase price allocations and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature

(2) Adj. distribution expenses means distribution expenses and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature

(3) Adj. general and administrative means general and administrative expenses and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature

(4) Based on LTM revenue

Endnotes (3/3)

p.38

(1) Comprises contract assets and trade receivables excluding customer prepayment receivables

(2) Comprises contract liabilities excluding liabilities from customer prepayment receivables

(3) Calculation of 2021A net working capital as % of revenue based on 2021A revenue €698m plus revenue of €110m that would have been taken into account if the acquisition of RENK America and Magnet Motor had closed on 1st January 2021

p.39

(1) Adj. EBITDA is defined as operating profit before depreciation, amortization and impairment losses on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature

(2) For a detailed breakdown of EBIT adjustments, please refer to the page "Adjustments to operating profit"; includes additional impact on EBITDA from PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals in FY-22 and FY-23, respectively

(3) Includes change in inventories, receivables and contract assets, and changes in provisions and liabilities

(4) Capex defined as payments to acquire property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

(5) Includes write-downs / reversals on other and financial investments, gains / losses from asset disposals, non-cash expenses and income, proceeds from asset disposals, cash flows from cash deposits, effects of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents, effects of changes in basis of consolidation on cash and cash equivalents, and in FY-23 also cash and cash equivalents related to the acquisition of General Kinetic Cash (€210k)

(6) Includes acquisition of subsidiaries, acquisition of non-controlling interest and in FY-23 less cash and cash equivalents related to the acquisition of General Kinetic Cash (€210k)

(7) Includes repayment of shareholder loan (€50m)

p.40

(1) Net financial debt includes senior secured notes, and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents based on the carrying amounts in the IFRS financial statements

(2) Adj. EBITDA is defined as operating profit before depreciation, amortization and impairment losses on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature.

p.41

(1) Adj. EBIT is defined as operating profit before the PPA depreciation and amortization as well as income / losses from PPA asset disposals and adjusted for certain items which management considers to be exceptional or non-recurring in nature. Adj. EBIT margin is defined as adj. EBIT divided by revenue.